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GLMRIS-BRANDON ROAD NEPA SCOPING MEETING	
DECEMBER 9, 2014	
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	
PRESENTERS:	
MR. ROY DEDA	
MR. DAVE WETHINGTON	
MR. KENDALL ZABOROWSKI	

1	MR. ZABOROWSKI: I would like to say good
2	afternoon ladies and gentlemen. Thank you for
3	coming here tonight.
4	I would like to welcome you all to our
5	Great Lakes Mississippi River Interbasin Study or
6	GLMRIS, as you will hear it referred to many times
7	tonight now, Brandon Road National Environmental
8	Policy Act Scoping Meeting.
9	My name is Kendall Zaborowski. I'm
10	from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Chicago
11	District, and I will be moderating this evening's
12	meeting.
13	Before beginning the meeting, I would
13 14	Before beginning the meeting, I would like to take a moment to let you all know that if
14	like to take a moment to let you all know that if
14 15 16	like to take a moment to let you all know that if you need to use the restroom, if you go back out to
14 15 16	like to take a moment to let you all know that if you need to use the restroom, if you go back out to the elevators and across from our welcome table, you
14 15 16 17 18	like to take a moment to let you all know that if you need to use the restroom, if you go back out to the elevators and across from our welcome table, you can find those there.
14 15 16 17 18	like to take a moment to let you all know that if you need to use the restroom, if you go back out to the elevators and across from our welcome table, you can find those there. And in the case of an emergency, you
14 15 16 17 18 19	like to take a moment to let you all know that if you need to use the restroom, if you go back out to the elevators and across from our welcome table, you can find those there. And in the case of an emergency, you can also run that way. Or behind me to my left and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	like to take a moment to let you all know that if you need to use the restroom, if you go back out to the elevators and across from our welcome table, you can find those there. And in the case of an emergency, you can also run that way. Or behind me to my left and right there are the emergency exits.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	like to take a moment to let you all know that if you need to use the restroom, if you go back out to the elevators and across from our welcome table, you can find those there. And in the case of an emergency, you can also run that way. Or behind me to my left and right there are the emergency exits. When you arrived here today, there

scoping process. It has our address, our website. 1 Or you can write on this and fill it in and leave it 2 with one of us tonight. 3 4 The second handout was a couple pieces of paper of frequently asked questions about what we 5 are trying to accomplish with this planning effort 6 7 and other aquatic nuisance species efforts that are being undertaken by the Corps of Engineers and other 8 federal and state agencies. 9 10 And, lastly, there was a bigger 11 booklet, which is a summary of the GLMRIS report, 12 which is a report that was published in January of 13 this year that is informing most of our efforts here 14 today. I would like to now take a moment to 15 16 introduce today's panel and those that will be 17 speaking with you. 18 To my left immediately is Mr. Roy Deda, who is the deputy district engineer for 19 20 planning, programs and project management at the 21 Chicago District for the U.S. Army Corps of 22 Engineers. 23 Next to him is Dave Wethington, the 24 project manager for GLMRIS.

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1 So for those of you wishing to speak at tonight's meeting and you preregistered on our 2 project website, if you yet haven't had a moment to 3 check in at our front desk, please take a moment to 4 5 do so. 6 And for those of you that did not 7 preregister and think you would like to make a comment later tonight, please check in with our 8 And even if you don't, after you hear 9 front desk. the presentation, if you think you would like to 10 11 make a comment after that, we can accommodate you. 12 The Corps of Engineers is hosting two 13 public meetings throughout the study area in an 14 effort to provide opportunities for those of you 15 within the study area to comment on the scope of the 16 efforts that we are trying to undertake here. This 17 is our second public meeting, and we are glad to 18 have you with us. 19 The Corps of Engineers is seeking 20 input, gathering concerns on issues and needs related to this study from stakeholders such as 21 22 yourself, tribes and the public throughout this NEPA 23 scoping process. 24 The Army Corps of Engineers will be

collecting comments through January 16th of 2015. 1 Those comments we receive then will be compiled and 2 3 posted on our GLMRIS website, which is 4 glmris.anl.gov. 5 For comments to be formally included in our scoping process, they need to be given during 6 7 an oral comment period at one of our public meetings, submitted through mail to our office or 8 submitted through our online web comment form. 9 10 So if you have any questions or 11 concerns during the presentation or the meeting itself or afterwards, feel free to speak to anyone 12 13 that's working at our table up front or find us 14 afterwards, and we will do our best to answer those 15 for you. 16 So as I mentioned earlier, this 17 meeting is going to begin with a few speakers, then 18 a presentation about what we are planning to do and then a public comment period so we can hear from 19 20 you. And I believe we are scheduled to end at 21 6:00 p.m. tonight. 22 So now I would like to turn it over to 23 Mr. Roy Deda. 24 MR. DEDA: Thanks, Kendall. As Kendall

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announced, I am Roy Deda. I'm the deputy district 1 engineer for planning, programs and project 2 management. Colonel Drew could not be here. 3 Colonel Christopher Drew is our district commander. 4 He is out of town, so he asked me to represent him 5 here today. 6 7 So I'm glad you all could come out and join us for the event. So we welcome the 8 9 opportunity to update you on our continuing Great Lakes Mississippi River Interbasin Study efforts and 10 11 to hear your comments regarding the upcoming Brandon 12 Road evaluation. 13 Any undertaking of this complexity 14 requires input from stakeholders. And we appreciate 15 your willingness to provide that input. 16 The GLMRIS plan of the Brandon Road 17 interim effort will build on the foundation of the GLMRIS report, which was released in January of 18 19 2014. 20 Based on the evaluations presented in 21 the GLMRIS report and in response to stakeholder 22 input, the Corps has concluded that the most 23 practical next steps in GLMRIS include a formal 24 evaluation of potential aquatic nuisance species

1	control technologies that could be applied in the
2	vicinity of the Brandon Road lock and dam. Dave
3	Wethington will be explaining this shortly. He will
4	explain what we expect as the evaluation will
5	evolve.
6	GLMRIS is just one piece of our
7	four-part aquatic nuisance species prevention
8	strategy. We also operate the electric barriers in
9	the Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal. We also do the
10	work to assure the barrier's effectiveness through
11	the efficacy studies. And we also participate in
12	extensive monitoring of the area waterways on the
13	Illinois waterway and the Chicago Area Waterway
14	System.
15	So recognizing that aquatic nuisance
16	species control is a shared responsibility, we also
17	continue to work with our local, state and federal
18	partners as part of the comprehensive strategy being
19	undertaken by the members of the Bi-National Asian
20	Carp Regional Coordinating Committee.
21	And that's it for me. I'm sorry I
22	don't have a uniform on today. But it's a pleasure
23	to be here and look forward to hearing the input
24	from those of you here.

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1 And with that, I'm going to turn it over to Dave Wethington, our project manager. 2 MR. WETHINGTON: Good afternoon. 3 Thank you, And thank you all again for coming today. 4 Roy. 5 My name is Dave Wethington. I am the project manager for the Great Lakes and Mississippi 6 7 River Interbasin Study for the Corps of Engineers. 8 It's my pleasure to be here today to 9 spend a little bit of time talking to you about some 10 of the next steps that we are looking forward in 11 taking at the Brandon Road site. 12 Before I get into the specific details 13 of what we are looking at studying and looking at 14 developing the feasibility for, I would like to 15 spend just a moment kind of keying into one of the 16 statements that Roy just previously made with regard 17 to the control of aquatic nuisance species being a 18 shared responsibility. 19 We would like to kind of open with 20 that because it brings together the efforts that the Corps of Engineers will be studying and will be 21 22 further evaluating along with efforts that yourself 23 and myself as a member of the public have on this 24 battle on a daily basis.

1	We look at aquatic nuisance species
2	controls as a range of structural and nonstructural
3	activities that could be implemented. The Corps of
4	Engineers is a federal agency, is an engineering
5	organization, is responsible for the implementation
6	of various structural controls.
7	The electric barriers in Romeoville
8	are an example of a structural control. Although
9	they are putting electricity in the water, there is
10	a structure and an operation of the maintenance
11	that's involved. So that's what we speak to when we
12	mean structural controls.
13	How you and I are involved on a
13 14	How you and I are involved on a member-of-the-public basis, every day when we are
14	member-of-the-public basis, every day when we are
14 15	member-of-the-public basis, every day when we are recreators or anglers is understanding how species can move between the basins and looking at ensuring
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1	controls in the active management of species such as
2	the fishing down of carp populations or the
3	continued monitoring and telemetry of these, as well
4	as the promulgation of laws and regulations toward
5	the control of aquatic nuisance species.
6	The GLMRIS report developed a list of
7	eight different alternatives that included both
8	structural and nonstructural measures that could
9	possibly be implemented to control the transfer of
10	aquatic nuisance species between the Great Lakes and
11	Mississippi River basins.
12	Again, this report really brought
13	together the linkage between the success of both of
14	these features together.
15	At the Brandon Road site, the Corps is
16	looking to implement a specific type of evaluation.
17	The GLMRIS report provides the basis for these
18	further investigations.
19	In brief, our scope of work is to look
20	at the viability of establishing a one-way control
21	point to control the transfer of aquatic nuisance
22	species from the Mississippi River basin towards the
23	Great Lakes.
24	The map on the right-hand side of the

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screen in front of me -- or in front of you shows an 1 excellent depiction of why we have chosen the 2 Brandon Road site. 3 4 The Brandon Road site is point No. 10. It represents the only single point that can be --5 that serves as a control point for species moving 6 7 from the Mississippi River basin towards the Great 8 Lakes. 9 On the other hand, if you were to look 10 at the movement of aquatic nuisance species from the 11 lakes towards the rivers, you have to implement controls at at least two, if not three or four 12 13 specific sites. 14 So we are looking at a range of 15 options that could be possibly implemented at the 16 Brandon Road control point, very similarly to what 17 we looked at in the GLMRIS report. We may look at alternatives that 18 include no additional action. We will look at 19 nonstructural measures and the implementation of 20 21 those nonstructural measures, as well as various 22 combinations of controls that can address swimmers, 23 floaters and hitchhikers, or those organisms that 24 attach to vessels and move from one basin to the

1 other.

2	An important part of what we are going
3	to be considering and looking at the feasibility of
4	this analysis is determining the federal interest in
5	a benefit to the nation since we are seeking to make
6	a recommendation in the form of a decision document.
7	The Corps of Engineers uses a
8	methodology where we use a very structured type of
9	analysis. And the chief of engineers eventually
10	recommends a particular alternative to Congress for
11	further authorization and appropriation.
12	It's very important to note that
13	currently we only have an authority to study. We do
14	not have an authority for construction, nor do we
15	have appropriations for construction. So those
16	would need to come from Congress.
17	So our goals are fairly simple and
18	they are two-fold: First to reduce the risk of
19	transfer of species in the upstream direction to the
20	maximum extent feasible. And, secondly, while doing
21	that, minimize impacts to existing uses and users of
22	the Chicago Area Waterway System.
23	What's unique and very important about
24	this future activity is it will also inform future

actions towards two-way risk reduction. 1 2 While we are only focusing currently 3 on developing technologies and developing 4 methodologies to assess and develop benefits and 5 possible costs for one-way transfer, all of these methodologies, all of these analyses will be 6 7 directly applicable toward implementing a future two-way solution. 8 So why Brandon Road? I have hit on a 9 10 couple of them already. It serves as a single 11 control point for controlling all of these species 12 that are moving from -- through the aquatic pathway 13 from the Mississippi River basin towards the Great 14 Lakes. And it also avoids some of the geographic 15 hiccups that can be identified with the Chicago Area 16 Waterway System during significant precipitation 17 events. 18 There are times when the Des Plaines River will overflow in the Chicago Area Waterway 19 20 System, thus creating an artificial bypass. 21 The Brandon Road site is immediately downstream of the confluence of the Des Plaines 22 River and the Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal. 23 24 The Brandon Road control point was

1	also identified heavily within the GLMRIS report.
2	Of the six structural alternatives that were
3	identified in GLMRIS, three of them included the
4	Brandon Road control point as an element of that
5	alternative.
6	I mentioned previously, we also are
7	seeking to develop these technologies and develop
8	these control methodologies at the Brandon Road site
9	to further inform to a risk reduction.
10	The map that you see on the upper
11	right-hand side gives an excellent kind of snapshot
12	as to why specifically the Brandon Road control
13	point is effective.
14	Highlighted in the middle of the
15	screen, you see the figure that points to the dam.
16	That dam is an approximately 35-foot difference
17	between the tail water and the water that's coming
18	over the top of the dam.
19	So anything that's moving from the
20	Chicago area I'm sorry, moving from the
21	Mississippi River basin toward the Chicago Area
22	Waterway System would have to be able to move up a
23	35-foot dam. That's virtually impossible.
24	So the only other methodology, the

only other route that a species could take in moving 1 is coming through what's marked as the approach 2 channel and the lock during a vessel lockage. 3 4 So we are focusing our efforts, our 5 investigations, our technical analysis on what types of controls could be situated and implemented at 6 7 that approach channel and within that lock chamber. That's why this particular point serves as an 8 excellent control point for species moving in the 9 upstream direction. 10 11 We do recognize, however, that while the Brandon Road control point is ideal for these 12 13 next-step investigations, there are a variety of 14 other ways that aquatic nuisance species can 15 transfer between the basins. 16 This map that you see on the 17 right-hand side of the screen is a depiction of the types of species that can transfer between the Great 18 Lakes and Mississippi River basins. 19 You will note that we've shaded out 20 21 those species that are on the Great Lakes side 22 because this investigation does not consider those 23 at this point in time. 24 However, on the bottom part of that

1 figure, you can see that there are ten species, three of them being high or medium risk for 2 potential transfer in establishment in the opposite 3 4 basin. Those are the organisms for which this particular control point in one-way direction would 5 be applicable. 6 7 We also recognize that the basin divide, the watershed divide between the Great Lakes 8 9 and Mississippi River basin is very bad. Over a thousand miles in length, there are other potential 10 11 ways that species could transfer between the basin. 12 However, the Chicago Area Waterway 13 System has been identified as the highest risk 14 aquatic pathway between the two basins. 15 Unless there are other vectors, human 16 mediated transport, other terrestrial transport 17 species could use to move between the basins, which 18 is why this concept of aquatic nuisance species control is a shared responsibility. 19 20 It's very clear that an organization, the federal government could spend a significant 21 22 amount of time and energy and resources on 23 implementation of a structural control just to have 24 it be undone by careless actions of others or

1 deliberate actions of others. The technologies we will be looking at 2 3 will primarily focus on those species that can swim 4 and that can float up through the Chicago Area Waterway System up through that control point. 5 We will also try and look at a variety 6 7 of controls to address hitchhikers, or those species that are adhered to a navigation vessel as it passes 8 9 up through lock. But we recognize that there will be significant challenges in that. 10 11 We looked at technologies to address hitchhikers in the original GLMRIS report and were 12 13 largely unsuccessful in identifying something that 14 would maintain navigation as it currently exists. 15 However, there has been additional 16 research that has been done since then. And so we 17 will take another look at those potential 18 technologies that could be explored. 19 So what are we going to get out of 20 this? Essentially, we are scoping the development 21 of a decision document. Again, this is something 22 that helps support an agency position and will serve as a basis for potential future actions. 23 24 As I mentioned previously, this is

1	currently only a study authority. We do not have
2	the authority to build anything, to construct
3	anything or to move to a significant design of any
4	type of feature.
5	Instead, we will go through a
6	screening-type level analysis to look at the
7	possible benefits, possible consequences of
8	implementing some type of alternative and make a
9	recommendation. And that recommendation will be
10	forwarded to Congress for their authorization and
11	subsequent finding.
12	Because we are seeking to make a
13	federal agency decision, we will be providing an
14	environmental impact statement which will address
15	those possible regulatory issues and compliance
16	issues and cumulative effects that this agency
17	decision could have on the environment.
18	Recognizing that there is interest in
19	this topic and it may take maybe a couple of years
20	or more to come up with a final report, we will seek
21	to provide interim products as much as we did with
22	GLMRIS as these products become available and ripe
23	for distribution to the public.
24	We will also continue to have

1	dedicated stakeholder outreach as we had in the past
2	with GLMRIS through listening sessions, through
3	invitations to speak and other regular updates on
4	our website, including quarterly newsletters, social
5	media and other updates.
6	So currently, you folks are here
7	helping us scope the cost, the timeline, the overall
8	focus of this study effort.
9	We acknowledge that there will be a
10	number of economic, engineering and environmental
11	analyses that will need to be completed and certain
12	requirements that will be necessary for our agency
13	to comply with the existing policies and statutes.
14	Beyond that, we are seeking your input
15	to help shape the scope of what should be important
16	or what you see is important in the study, similarly
17	as well as what may possibly be eliminated from
18	further analysis.
19	To help gain this input, we are having
20	a public comment period which extends for
21	approximately 60 days and concludes on January 16th
22	of next year.
23	As Kendall mentioned earlier, public
24	comments can be offered through the public meetings,

the website, mail or hand delivery to our offices 1 here in Chicago. 2 3 With that, I encourage you, if you have not had the opportunity to read up a little on 4 5 GLMRIS or the information provided to you was not sufficient, there is a lot of great information on 6 7 our website. Glmris.anl.gov is an excellent resource for the GLMRIS report as well as 8 9 information on Brandon Road and a great way to stay tuned for future activities and future things that 10 11 will be coming out. 12 Of course, follow us on Facebook, 13 follow us on Twitter and send us an e-mail if you 14 have any questions. 15 With that, I will turn it back to 16 Kendall to open up the public comment period. Thank 17 you. 18 MR. ZABOROWSKI: Thank you, Dave. So now we will move into our oral 19 20 comment period of our meeting tonight. Typically we 21 have a three-minute time limit to people that are 22 coming up. It's just in case there is a lot of 23 people, we want to give everybody the opportunity to 24 comment. For the public right now, there is a

1	little as far as I think of webinar participation.
2	It would allow us to waive that three-minute limit
3	if people are okay with that. I need a few head
4	nods. All right. We will skip that.
5	So at this point I'm going to ask the
6	people that preregistered to come up to the
7	microphone and give their comments. Then I will
8	open it up to the room if there is anybody that
9	would like to give a comment or ask a clarifying
10	question about the efforts we are trying to
11	undertake.
12	And then after the room, we will see
13	if anybody on the webinar would like to make a
14	comment or ask a clarifying question as well. And
15	we have Tony, our web moderator, who will help us
16	out with that when we get there.
17	So I would like to also mention that
18	we have a stenographer with us tonight. She is
19	recording your comments or questions so that we make
20	sure we accurately record them.
21	When or if you give a comment, we
22	would like to ask that you come to the microphone,
23	speak into the microphone and first give us your
24	name and zip code. And if you wouldn't mind

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spelling your last name, just in case we want to 1 2 make sure we get that accurately. 3 If you don't give us your name and zip code, then, unfortunately, we cannot formally 4 5 include your comment in our public record. So I apologize in advance if I 6 7 mispronounce anybody's name. It tends to happen from time to time. 8 So without further ado, I would like 9 10 to ask Ms. Lynn Muench to come up, if she is ready. 11 And then following Ms. Muench, Katrina Phillips. 12 MS. MUENCH: Good afternoon. Lynn Muench, 13 М-U-Е-N-С-Н, 63104. I work for the American 14 Waterways Operators, which is a national trade 15 association for the tugboat, towboat and barge 16 industry. 17 Thank you very much for allowing me to 18 speak today. Before I get started, I want to point out that my comments will be within three minutes. 19 20 But I will have further questions if we get to that 21 point. 22 First of all, the navigation industry 23 and its customers are going to be impacted 24 nationwide and not just in this area. And because

1	of that, we would request public hearings in
2	St. Louis, New Orleans and also Houston where a lot
3	of companies that will be impacted are based.
4	Second, we continue to wonder why the
5	Corps isn't more focused on the quickest potential
6	two-way between the two basins, the most
7	cost-effective options, which are mostly seen in
8	alternative two of GLMRIS, instead of the structural
9	methods that seem like they will take a long time
10	and cost a lot of money to move forward.
11	Any structure that negatively impacts
12	commerce and economy during construction or
13	maintenance is not acceptable to the towing
14	industry. And that statement is also made very
15	clear in the CAWS advisory group to the Congress.
16	Specifically, one of the options
17	appears to be electronic barriers. Due to safety
18	reasons, including the requirements we have under
19	the Coast Guard Regulation Navigation Area, RNA,
20	it's unacceptable to the towing industry.
21	With a similar RNA, it is either
22	impossible for deckhands to handle 1,200-foot tows
23	as they go through the locks, absolutely rendering
24	the lock much more inefficient, much more costly to

the industry; or all tows would have to be limited 1 to 600-foot locks, which would also make it very 2 inefficient. 3 4 And just from a human perspective, the 5 Coast Guard will not rescue anyone right now over the electronic barriers in the Sanitary and Ship 6 7 Canal because it's too unsafe and too high a cost. Perhaps 50 percent of the people that fall in there 8 9 will die. We find that too dangerous and really a 10 cost too high for us to pay. 11 Since there was no recommendation 12 under the GLMRIS and no record of decision chief 13 report and no Congressional direction except to 14 finish the study within 18 months of the Corps, we 15 believe that this study has finished and we don't 16 believe that it should be extended any further until 17 there is further Congressional action. The 18 months is more than up. 18 We also need a full impact of the understanding of 19 impacts to navigation as customers and the U.S. 20 21 economy, including the impacts to the potential 22 future growth. Obviously, in Illinois it's a big 23 deal for exports on agriculture projects, or 24 exports.

(866) 448 - DEPO

1 And recently the state folks from Michigan have petitioned the Coast Guard to come up 2 with a Great Lakes route to allow river barges to 3 move from Michigan to New Orleans for agricultural 4 So, obviously, this is not just important 5 exports. to exports from Illinois. 6 7 This project really does not address the basic direction of GLMRIS -- and, Dave, I know 8 you hit on this from Congress -- and that's to look 9 10 for and recommend a two-way transfer of invasive 11 species to stop that transfer between the two 12 basins. 13 I just wonder if this is really the 14 most effective use of taxpayer money and don't 15 believe it is. 16 My last point is that, you know, there 17 is 50 million maintenance needed on the Brandon 18 lock. And why would we put this project a priority over deferred maintenance that Rock Island District 19 20 by themselves said is needed to maintain this world-class infrastructure. 21 22 I would be happy to answer any 23 questions. Obviously, I will be putting a statement 24 into the record. And I have a list of other

questions if other folks -- once other folks have an 1 opportunity to speak. 2 3 MR. WETHINGTON: Thank you, Lynn. MR. ZABOROWSKI: Thank you. 4 5 So next, Katrina Phillips, if you are ready to come to the microphone, please. Give name 6 7 and zip code, please. 8 Katrina Phillips, MS. PHILLIPS: P-H-I-L-L-I-P-S, and the zip code 60613. 9 I'm the clean water organizer for the Sierra Club and the 10 11 Illinois chapter of the Sierra Club. And our organization has many members that depend on the 12 13 Great Lakes and their tributaries for recreation and 14 commerce. 15 And so we really appreciate the work 16 that the Army Corps has been doing to help reduce 17 the risk of invasion of Asian carp and other aquatic 18 invasive species on these waters because that invasion will have really a devastating effect on 19 20 the waters, on the economy, and on people's 21 enjoyment of the waters. 22 We believe that the Great Lakes and 23 the Mississippi River need quick action to reduce 24 the risk of invasive species moving between these

waters, although such short-term steps are no 1 substitute for a permanent and long-term solution to 2 3 the problem. 4 To provide additional protection in 5 the short term, we recognize that the Brandon Road lock and dam may be a useful location for risk 6 7 reduction measures and testing of other potential aquatic invasive species controls. 8 Regarding the Corps' work at the 9 10 Brandon Road site, we support design of a new 11 engineered channel to be constructed in the approach 12 to the Brandon Road lock, evaluation, engineering 13 and design of control technologies to deploy the 14 approach channel and the Brandon Road lock 15 structure, as long as these technologies take into 16 the account the important ecological value of this 17 segment of the Des Plaines River. And, finally, we support research to 18 further evaluate reconfiguring locks as a means to 19 20 control aquatic invasive species. 21 In addition, we believe that the Corps 22 should focus on projects that will become part of a 23 comprehensive permanent solution that stops all 24 invaders from moving between the Great Lakes and the

Mississippi River. 1 We really appreciate the Corps 2 3 allowing us to give our input on this matter and the interests of others in the project. 4 5 Also, the Sierra Club is a member of the CAWS advisory committee which wrote a letter to 6 7 Congress requesting work at the Brandon Road site. And I have copies of the letter if anybody is 8 interested in having those. 9 Thank you. 10 MR. WETHINGTON: Thank you. 11 MR. ZABOROWSKI: Thank you, ma'am. If you wouldn't mind leaving a copy of the letter at the 12 13 front desk on the way out, that would be great. 14 That does it for the people I had 15 preregistered here. 16 Is there anybody in the room that did 17 not indicate at our front desk that they would like 18 to make an oral comment that would now like to come 19 up and make a statement to the panel or ask a 20 clarifying question? Okay. 21 Rich, do we have anybody on the 22 webinar that looks like they have indicated? 23 MR. TOLLEFSON: Not as of yet. 24 MR. ZABOROWSKI: Okay. So for those of you

that are on the webinar, if you are interested in 1 2 making a comment at this time, I believe you can dial star 1 or there is a button called "raise 3 4 hand". 5 Tony, could you please add anything further for those on the webinar on instructions how 6 7 to make a comment? MR. URICK: Yes, certainly. 8 So that is correct, if you have a question and would like to 9 10 ask it over the phone lines now, you can do so by 11 dialing star 1 or by selecting the "raise hand" icon 12 at the top of your screen and that will place you 13 into the question cue. You then hear a notification 14 when your line is unmuted and please state your name 15 and your question or comment. 16 MR. ZABOROWSKI: If you are on the web and 17 you would like to make a comment, please follow 18 those instructions at this point. And guys, it does look like we 19 MR. URICK: 20 have folks that are on the web and would like to 21 make a comment. I will have to take back presenting 22 rights to open up these lines. 23 MR. ZABOROWSKI: Okay. Go for it, please. 24 MR. URICK: Going to the line of Paul

30

Rohde 1 Rodeau. MR. ZABOROWSKI: Paul, if you could please 2 give your name, spell your last name, and then your 3 zip code, please, and begin your comment. 4 Rohde 5 MR. RODEAU: Yeah, can you hear me? 6 MR. ZABOROWSKI: Yes, sir. Rohde Rohde MR. RODEAU: Paul Rodeau, zip code 63144. 7 My question is simply could you explain again where 8 exactly is the authority for proceeding with this? 9 10 And proceeding there as the authority, what exactly 11 is the Corps authorized to act on? Thank you. 12 MR. ZABOROWSKI: Thank you, sir. 13 MR. WETHINGTON: Paul, this is Dave 14 Wethington, the project manager. Thank you for your 15 question. 16 With regard to the authority, it's the 17 existing GLMRIS authority as the Water Resource 18 Development Act of 2007, Section 3061(d) authorizes the GLMRIS study itself. That study authority 19 20 allows us to examine the range of options technology that are available to control the transfer of 21 22 aquatic nuisance species between the Great Lakes and 23 Mississippi River basins. 24 As you are aware or likely aware, this

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authority was helped or was a result in the GLMRIS 1 report. And as next step under GLMRIS, we are 2 3 looking at potentially implementing or looking at 4 the evaluation of technologies at specifically the Brandon Road site. 5 6 The information that that we gained 7 from doing this investigation, this analysis would also help further inform further two-way risk 8 9 reduction solutions. 10 MR. ZABOROWSKI: Thank you, Dave. 11 Tony, can we please get the next 12 comment or question, please? 13 MR. URICK: We are going to the line of 14 Spencer Murphy. 15 MR. MURPHY: Good afternoon, Spencer Murphy, 16 70118. 17 Spencer Murphy with Canal Barge 18 Company in New Orleans. I just have two comments 19 and a clarifying question. 20 One, as a comment, I would like to echo the request made by Lynn Muench to have 21 22 additional public hearings throughout the inland 23 waterways systems, St. Louis, New Orleans and 24 Houston in particular.

Because as you know, according to the Corps' data, most of the traffic that moves into the Chicago Area Waterway System actually originates in the Gulf Coast. That's the largest point for cargo moving into Chicago.

And I think it's a mistake to look at actions at this one particular lock in isolation or as a regional issue. This is a lock that's part of a national system and needs to be treated as part of the national system. And the national carriers that operate on that system rely upon each and every lock that's in that system.

13 Secondly, with regard to this lock in 14 particular, again, I don't need to tell you and the Corps, that this lock is over 80 years old and has 15 16 -- is long past its design life and has at least 17 \$350 million of critical work that needs to be done 18 as identified by the Corps and is going to have to to be replaced or recapitalized at some point here 19 in the next few decades. 20

Given the timeline of action that we see in the GLMRIS report of years and possibly decades for some these projects to come online, I want to make sure that if there is any work being

1	done at the Brandon Road lock, that it is done in
2	conjunction with some of that activity or at least
3	recognizing that there is going to be major activity
4	done or needs to be done at this lock from a pure
5	navigation standpoint.
6	And so as part of that, my question
7	is: The funding for any work here, how is that
8	going to be where is that funding going to come
9	from? Is this considered to be a project that would
10	access funds from the Inland Waterway Trust Fund?
11	And if so, where is the benefits to navigation if
12	that is the case? Thank you.
13	MR. WETHINGTON: Spencer, thank you for your
13 14	MR. WETHINGTON: Spencer, thank you for your question. Again, Dave Wethington, any funding for
14	question. Again, Dave Wethington, any funding for
14 15	question. Again, Dave Wethington, any funding for this would be a new construction authority given by
14 15 16	question. Again, Dave Wethington, any funding for this would be a new construction authority given by Congress that would be required.
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14 15 16 17 18	<pre>question. Again, Dave Wethington, any funding for this would be a new construction authority given by Congress that would be required. The focus of the efforts at the Brandon Road site are strictly or primarily</pre>
14 15 16 17 18 19	<pre>question. Again, Dave Wethington, any funding for this would be a new construction authority given by Congress that would be required. The focus of the efforts at the Brandon Road site are strictly or primarily environmental such that it's unlikely that they</pre>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<pre>question. Again, Dave Wethington, any funding for this would be a new construction authority given by Congress that would be required. The focus of the efforts at the Brandon Road site are strictly or primarily environmental such that it's unlikely that they would be cost shared through the Inland Waterway</pre>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>question. Again, Dave Wethington, any funding for this would be a new construction authority given by Congress that would be required.</pre>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>question. Again, Dave Wethington, any funding for this would be a new construction authority given by Congress that would be required.</pre>

1	environmental purposes, granted they are at a
2	navigation site, that new authority would need to be
3	authorized by Congress and that it is likely to be
4	some sort of nonfederal cost-sharing sponsor as part
5	of a future project.
6	MR. ZABOROWSKI: Thank you, Dave. Thank
7	you, Mr. Spencer Murphy.
8	Tony, if we have anyone else, could
9	you please
10	MR. URICK: We have one more caller in the
11	cue. Tammy Newcomb.
12	MR. ZABOROWSKI: Tammy, could you give us
13	your name and zip code, please?
14	MS. NEWCOMB: Can you hear me now?
15	MR. ZABOROWSKI: Yes, ma'am.
16	MS. NEWCOMB: Hello, Tammy Newcomb for 48909
17	88909.
18	My question is regarding the project
19	design considerations. We've heard concerns
20	regarding the current configuration of the
21	electrical anodes and the potential human hazards.
22	Will there be the ability to explore
23	alternative electrical designs in the Brandon Road
24	setup so it may not look exactly like what's

1 upstream?

2	And then my second question is also,
3	given the imposing threat to the Great Lakes, will
4	this also include an analysis of closure or will
5	this study scope just be about allowing barges built
6	through with any design?
7	MR. WETHINGTON: Tammy, Dave Wethington,
8	thank you for your questions. With regard to the
9	scope, we are still looking at a range of possible
10	designs, range of possible alternatives and
11	technologies that could be implemented. So there is
12	not one set as you mentioned, one set array for
13	anodes, cathodes, et cetera, that we would consider
14	as an electronic barrier.
15	We would look to see what makes the
16	most sense for implementation at this particular
17	site. We also look at other technologies that deter
18	swimmers, floaters and possible hitchhikers.
19	With regard to a complete closure at
20	the particular site, that may be one of the
21	alternatives that are considered.
22	However, if you go back to my earlier
23	discussion, we have two primary goals in this
24	analysis that we are achieving at the Brandon Road

1	site. The first is to reduce the risk to the
2	maximum extent feasible, which, certainly, would be
3	accomplished through the closure of that physical
4	structure. However, we are also looking to minimize
5	impacts, adverse impacts to existing uses and users
6	of the system. And so that would be part of the
7	analysis as well.
8	We have to look at what is the
9	ultimate benefit to the taxpayers and benefit to the
10	nation in making a final recommendation.
11	MS. NEWCOMB: Thank you.
12	MR. ZABOROWSKI: Thank you, Tammy.
13	Tony, do we have anyone else?
14	MR. URICK: Guys, at this time we have no
15	further callers in the cue.
16	MR. ZABOROWSKI: Thank you, Tony. I guess I
17	will come back to those of us in the room.
18	We have heard a few additional
19	comments. Is there anybody at this point in time
20	that would like to come up and make a comment or ask
21	a clarifying question?
22	Ms. Muench is coming back. If you
23	give your name and zip code again when you begin.
24	MS. MUENCH: Lynn Muench, 63109. Dave, if

1	you are the right person to answer this, can you
2	give us an understanding of, one, how you will pick
3	out these technologies; and, two, how you will do
4	the economic analysis, not just on what's happening
5	now but on the future potential for that area?
6	MR. WETHINGTON: Lynn, that's a complex
7	question. Obviously, I'm sure you realize in taking
8	the appropriate technology and doing the appropriate
9	environmental, economic and sociopolitical analyses,
10	currently right now we are scoping this effort. So
11	we are taking public's input and really going
12	through a lot of the sharpening our pencils on the
13	team's end in identifying the best ways to implement
14	and to perform this analysis.
15	With regard to technologies, we would
16	like to look for what are the most effective and
17	efficient and constructible demonstrated
18	technologies that may be available toward
19	controlling those species of concern, swimmers,
20	floaters, hitchhikers.
21	Again, we are looking to balance that
22	with ensuring that we are able to mitigate or
23	minimize adverse impacts to existing uses and users
24	

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1 And how are you going to really MS. MUENCH: look at potential impacts for the future? 2 3 MR. WETHINGTON: Right now, again, we are still really scoping a lot of this future analysis. 4 We imagined that we will be seeking to make an 5 agency decision based on information with regard to 6 7 costs and possible consequences of no action. 8 So we will look to identify what those 9 consequences may be in order to do that calculus as to what is of benefit to the nation, what type of 10 11 implementation of a technology or a risk reduction 12 methodology would be effective, constructible, 13 efficient and appropriate as well as in the 14 interests of the U.S. taxpayer. 15 MS. MUENCH: How long do you think the study 16 will take and approximately how much money will it 17 cost? 18 MR. WETHINGTON: Again, we are still scoping the total level of effort of this. I imagine it may 19 20 take a couple years. And at this point in time we 21 don't have a total cost that's been identified. 22 MS. MUENCH: And who would you see 23 potentially being a federal co-sponsor for this type 24 of project?

1 Again, there is a lot of MR. WETHINGTON: potential folks out there who may be interested a 2 viable nonfederal sponsor. And that's part of the 3 4 analysis that we will be completing as part of this 5 investigation, is seeking out those appropriate agencies, nonprofits, et cetera, who may be a viable 6 7 nonfederal sponsor. 8 MS. MUENCH: So the sponsor would also be 9 paying for construction but also for maintenance of that structure? 10 11 MR. WETHINGTON: Under existing authorities, the environmental, for example, use and restoration 12 13 has a cost share for construction as well as a cost 14 share or responsibility for long-term operation and 15 maintenance. That's different on the navigation 16 side. 17 And pending the final authorization, 18 the authority that Congress gives us, that's how we 19 would determine that final cost share. 20 MS. MUENCH: What does long-term mean? 30 21 years? A hundred years? 22 MR. WETHINGTON: Through the life of the 23 project. 24 MS. MUENCH: Okay. Thank you very much.

40

1 Certainly. MR. WETHINGTON: Thank you again, ma'am. 2 MR. ZABOROWSKI: 3 So anyone else that would like to come up and ask a clarifying question or make a comment? 4 5 Okay. I think at this point in time we will close the meeting out. 6 7 So I would like to thank everybody for attending tonight's meeting. 8 9 Panel, do you guys have any closing 10 comments? 11 MR. DEDA: I just wanted to thank everybody in taking the time to come out today and talk with 12 13 I appreciate your time and effort to be here us. 14 and participate. So thank you very much. 15 MR. ZABOROWSKI: Thank you. 16 So we have heard from five of you in 17 the room and on the phone here tonight. I would 18 like to remind everybody that our public comment 19 period is going to be open until January 16th of 20 2015. 21 You can still submit comments to us 22 through our website or through the instructions on the comment form those of you in the room here 23 24 received today.

1	You can follow us on Facebook, on
2	Twitter. You can go to our website where there
3	is as Dave mentioned, there is much more
4	information about previous efforts that have been
5	taken under this study authority and about aquatic
6	nuisance species. And you can also sign up for a
7	mailing list on updates to this study itself.
8	So if you did not receive a copy of
9	our meeting materials or you would like to grab
10	extras, please stop by the front desk on the way
11	out.
12	At this time this concludes the public
13	meeting for Brandon Road. And time is now 3:47.
14	Thank you all very much.
15	MR. URICK: A special thank you for the
16	speakers and thank you to everyone on the web. That
17	does conclude our conference and you may now
18	disconnect.
19	(Public meeting concluded.)
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

1 STATE OF ILLINOIS ) SS: ) COUNTY OF LAKE 2 ) 3 I, Cheryl L. Sandecki, a Notary Public within and for the County of Lake and State of 4 Illinois, and a Certified Shorthand Reporter of the 5 State of Illinois, do hereby certify that I reported 6 7 in shorthand the proceedings had at the taking of 8 said meeting and that the foregoing is a true, 9 complete, and correct transcript of my shorthand notes so taken as aforesaid, and contains all the 10 11 proceedings given at said meeting. Sindechi 12 13 14 Notary Public, Lake County, Illinois C.S.R. License No. 084-03710 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

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